

GCSE

GCSE RELIGIOUS STUDIES

Route B Component 2

Applied Catholic Theology

Revision Checklist



<p style="text-align: center;">Area of Study</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Theme 3: Life and Death</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Covered in class or as homework</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">I'm not sure</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">I'm getting there</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">I've got it 😊</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Links to other topics</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Key words linked to this topic</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Possible sources of wisdom and authority</p>
<p><i>Death and the afterlife:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Catholic teaching on the meaning of death • The importance of dying well • The importance of palliative care • Catholic teaching on assisted suicide AND euthanasia • Different views on the quality AND sanctity of life AND the 'right to die' • Catholic beliefs about life after death (1 Corinthians chapter 15) • Catholic beliefs about the resurrection of the body • Other Christian beliefs about the survival of the soul • Different views about death as the end of personal existence 							
<p><i>Beliefs: Eschatology:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Catholic teaching about heaven and hell • Parables about Judgement Matt 18:21-35 & Luke 16:19-31) • Catholic teaching about Purgatory (1 Corinthians 3:11-15) 							

<p><i>Sources: The Magisterium:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The nature of the Catholic Magisterium: ordinary & extraordinary forms: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Pontifical (Popes) - Conciliar (Councils) • <i>Evangelium Vitae</i> (65) • The nature, history and importance of the Second Vatican Council • The four key documents of Second Vatican Council 							
<p><i>Forms: Artefacts:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Sarcophagus with Scenes of the Passion (in the Museo Pio Cristiano, Vatican, Rome) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - how Christian beliefs about eternal life are shown in this artefact • How Christian beliefs about resurrection are shown in the Paschal candle during: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The Easter Vigil - A Catholic Baptism 							
<p><i>Forms: Music and the funeral rite:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How Catholic beliefs about eternal life are expressed in Faure's <i>Requiem</i> • The Catholic Funeral Rite: symbols, prayers and texts • How these express Catholic beliefs about eternal life 							

<p><i>Practices: Prayer within Catholic communities in Britain and elsewhere:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The significance of prayer ('raising heart and mind to God')• Formulaic (i.e. set, laid down in prayer books) prayers• Extempore (more spontaneous, prayers you say yourself) prayers• The Lord's Prayer• The meaning AND significance of praying for and offering Masses for the dead							
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Area of Study Theme 4: Sin and Forgiveness	Covered in class or as homework	I'm not sure	I'm getting there	I've got it 😊	Links to other topics	Key words linked to this topic	Possible sources of wisdom and authority
<p><i>Crime and Punishment:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The differences between crime and sin • Absolutist approaches to morality • Relativist approaches to morality • An evaluation of each of the different reasons for punishing criminals: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Retribution - Deterrence - Rehabilitation • Christian teachings about forgiveness and how they are interpreted differently (Matt 18:21-22 & Matt 6:14-15) • Catholic teaching about Capital Punishment (the Death Penalty) - reference to specific sources • Arguments for and against Capital Punishment - reference to specific sources • Non-religious views on Capital Punishment 							

<p><i>Beliefs: Redemption:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The meaning AND significance of 'salvation' (being spiritually saved) for Catholics • The role of grace & human freedom in redemption (being redeemed) • Catholic beliefs about how the life, death, resurrection and ascension of Jesus brings salvation and redemption • Catholic beliefs about how it is possible to believe in Hell AND also to believe in an all-loving (omnibenevolent) and merciful God 							
<p><i>Sources: Church:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The nature of the Church as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - One - Holy - catholic - Apostolic • Mary as a model of the Church • Different understandings of the Church as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 'Body of Christ' - 'People of God' • The meaning of the claim 'outside the Church there is no salvation' - Catechism of the Catholic Church 846-848 							

<p><i>Forms: Buildings:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How the sacred objects within a church represent Catholic beliefs about salvation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Altar - Font • How the architecture and position of Catholic churches help Catholics to worship AND reflect on the mystery of salvation 							
<p><i>Practices: Sacraments:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Catholic belief in the sacramental nature of all reality • The 7 Sacraments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Names - Meanings - Effects • The meaning AND significance of sacraments and how sacraments effect salvation • The meaning and significance of the Eucharist ('the source & summit of Christian life') • The role of the Eucharist in a Catholic understanding of salvation 							

Practices: Mission and Evangelisation in Britain and Elsewhere:

- Catholic teaching on the directive to evangelise (ref to specific sources)
- Catholic beliefs about the relationship between faith and salvation
- How these beliefs influence attitudes to mission & evangelisation:
 - Locally
 - Nationally
 - Globally
- The benefits AND challenges of evangelising in Britain
- The results of the 2011 census
- The UK's Christian heritage; laws, festivals, traditions
- The recognition and celebration of the festivals, beliefs and cultures of other religions
- The recognition and celebration of non-religious views

